

Hakari

Alaska Brome



Key Features

Hakari is a tall, erect sparsely tillered, non-creeping brome grass with broad leaves. It is adapted to the more severe climates in the Midwest and Northeast of the United States. It is winter dormant and spring growth is later and heading date is later and less prolonged, thus resulting in leafier summer growth.

Applications

Haylage
Pasture
Dry Hay

Planting Time

Spring & Fall

Management Keys

Hakari is a great companion for alfalfa, its growth habits will not interfere with the cutting schedule of alfalfa. When Hakari is grown in a pure stand, it should either be machine harvested or rotationally grazed. It should not be set stocked to prevent stand losses. Hakari is palatable in seed head compared to other grasses, making it suitable for stockpiling during the summer growing season.

Characteristics

Dry Hay	5
Persistence	2
Forage Quality	3
Baleage	3
Silage	3

Scale 1-5 (1 = Poor, 5 = Excellent)

Seeding Rate

New Seeding - 20 -25 lbs/acre
Overseeding - 10-15 lbs/acre

Seeding Depth

No deeper than 1/4"

